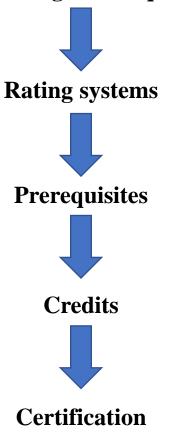
# PART 3 - LEED Green Building Certification program



# **LEED structure overview**

**Minimum Program Requirements** 





# **Minimum Program Requirements (MPRs)**

Projects must comply with the **Minimum Program Requirements** (MPRs).

#### The purpose of MPRs are to:

- Provide guidance on what types of projects are eligible for certification
- Protect the integrity of the LEED program
- Reduce the number of issues that come from the certification process

#### All projects must:

- 1. Must be in a permanent location on existing land
- 2. Must use a reasonable LEED boundaries
- 3. Must comply with project size requirements

Projects that do not comply with the MPRs may have their certification revoked.



# **LEED Rating Systems**

LEED projects are certified under <u>five</u> **LEED rating systems** according to construction types and space usage.

# **Building Design + Construction (BD+C)**

LEED BD+C: New Construction and Major Renovation

LEED BD+C: Core & Shell

LEED BD+C: Schools

LEED BD+C: Retail

LEED BD+C: Hospitality

LEED BD+C: Data Centers

LEED BD+C: Warehouses & Distribution Centers

LEED BD+C: Healthcare

# **Interior Design + Construction (ID+C)**

LEED ID+C: Commercial Interiors

LEED ID+C: Retail

LEED ID+C: Hospitality







# **LEED Rating Systems**

#### **Building Operations + Maintenance (O+M)**

LEED O+M: Existing Buildings

LEED O+M: Retail

LEED O+M: Schools

LEED O+M: Hospitality

LEED O+M: Data Center

LEED O+M: Warehouses and Distribution Centers

# **Neighborhood Development (ND)**

LEED ND: Plan certification

LEED ND: Built Project

#### **Homes**

LEED BD+C: Homes and Multifamily Lowrise

LEED BD+C: Multifamily Midrise









## **LEED Rating Systems**

Projects cannot be divided into different rating systems by section, and the whole project should be certified under one rating system. If more than one rating system seems applicable to a project, the **40/60 rule** will be used to decide on the rating system.

A project should be divided into sections according to the appropriate rating system each section fits. Then, the total floor area corresponding to each rating system should be calculated (example forty-story high-rise building).



# **LEED rating system evolution**

#### Implementation and maintenance

LEED rating systems are improved through published updates.

## **LEED Adaptation**

Address both specific construction types and international projects (example LEED BD+C: School).

#### Next version of LEED

Rating systems are evaluated and revised periodically (next version will be LEED v.5).

## LEED Pilot Credit Library

Pilot credits are tested across all rating system types and credit categories and include credits proposed for the next version of LEED. The points will be awarded under the Innovation credit category.

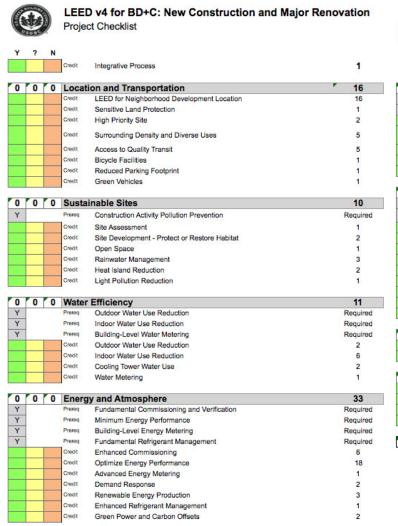


# **Credit categories**

Every LEED BD+C rating system has **credit categories** in these major areas:

- <u>Location and Transportation</u> does the location preserve environmentally sensitive places and take advantage of existing infrastructure, community resources, and public transit.
- <u>Sustainable Sites</u> is the selected site able to maximize sustainability?
- <u>Water Efficiency</u> what can you do to save on landscaping water use and interior water use?
- <u>Energy and Atmosphere</u> how can you save energy, cut energy costs and encourage green energy development and use?
- <u>Materials and Resources</u> are your building materials sustainable for the environment, and where does the waste go?
- <u>Indoor Environmental Quality</u> how can you increase the productivity, satisfaction, and health of the occupants?
- <u>Innovation</u> what can you discover that isn't in the rating system to add even further value to the project?
- <u>Regional Priority</u> Are there regionally important issues?





Project Name: Date:

0	0	0	Materia	als and Resources	13
Υ			Prereq	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	Require
Υ			Prereq	Construction and Demolition Waste Management Planning	Required
			Credit	Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction	5
			Credit	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Environmental Product Declarations	2
			Credit	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Sourcing of Raw Materials	2
			Credit	Building Product Disclosure and Optimization - Material Ingredients	2
			Credit	Construction and Demolition Waste Management	2
0	0	0	Indoor	Environmental Quality	16
1			Prereq	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	Require
1			Prereq	Environmental Tobacco Smoke Control	Require
	3		Credit	Enhanced Indoor Air Quality Strategies	2
			Credit	Low-Emitting Materials	3
			Credit	Construction Indoor Air Quality Management Plan	1
			Credit	Indoor Air Quality Assessment	2
			Credit	Thermal Comfort	1
			Credit	Interior Lighting	2
		1	Credit	Daylight	3
			Credit	Quality Views	1
			Credit	Acoustic Performance	1
)	0	0	Innova	vation	
			Credit	Innovation	5
			Credit	LEED Accredited Professional	1
0	0	0	Region	nal Priority	4
			Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
			Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
			Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
			Credit	Regional Priority: Specific Credit	1
_	_	-	TOTAL	S Possible Points	: 110



# **Credit categories**

# <u>Example: LEED BD + C: New Construction</u>

Category	Points
Location and Transportation	16
Sustainable Sites	10
Water Efficiency	11
Energy and Atmosphere	33
Materials and Resources	13
Indoor Environmental Quality	16
Total	100
Bonus Points	
Innovation	6
Regional Credit	4
Total	110



# **Credit categories**

# Example: Operations & Maintenance

Category	Points
Location and Transportation	15
Sustainable Sites	10
Water Efficiency	12
Energy and Atmosphere	38
Materials and Resources	8
Indoor Environmental Quality	17
Total	100
Bonus Points	
Innovation & Design	6
Regional Credit	4
Total	110



## **Prerequisites and credits**

Within each credit category are credits and/or prerequisites.

A fundamental of every LEED Rating System are the **prerequisites**. Prerequisites do not earn your project any points because they are required for the project to be considered. Prerequisites are the minimum requirements that <u>all buildings</u> under a <u>certain rating system</u> must meet.

- Each credit category has a group of **credits** that defines a particular sustainability goal.
- Each LEED rating system has slightly different credits.
- Your project does NOT have to achieve all credits. Credits are optional elements.
- Each credit/prerequisite will have one or more <u>requirements</u> that must be met.
- The higher the total points a project earns, the higher the level of LEED certification that will be awarded.

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# **Project Certification**

There are *four levels* of LEED certification:

• Certified: 40-49 points

• Silver: 50-59 points

• Gold: 60-79 points

• Platinum: 80+ points



**LEED** 

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Two Gold rated buildings may use completely different systems and strategies.

As mentioned, there are 100 total points allocated to the credits under each rating system.

A project must satisfy *three requirements* for certification:

- 1. Meet the Minimum Program Requirements
- 2. Satisfy all Prerequisites
- 3. Satisfy a combination of Credits that achieve a certain number of points for the desired certification level.

# **Point allocation process**

<u>Points</u> are available in each of the LEED credit categories, and the points are weighted to best address the social, environmental, and economic outcomes identified by USGBC.

LEED credits have different <u>weightings</u> depending on their ability to impact different environmental and human health concerns.

The LEED <u>impact categories</u> answer the question: What should a LEED project accomplish? and they are the key elements that every LEED project aims to accomplish, consisting of 7 items:

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- Reverse Contribution to Global Climate Change
- Enhance Individual Human Health and Well-Being
- Protect and Restore Water Resources
- Protect, Enhance and Restore Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services
- Promote Sustainable and Regenerative Material Resources Cycles
- Build a Greener Economy
- Enhance Social Equity, Environmental Justice, and Community Quality of Life

# **Project Resources**

## Reference Guides

Each LEED rating system has its own reference guide. Make sure the latest version of the reference guide is used.

#### Case Studies

USGBC provides a searchable database of case studies to learn from.

#### **Customer Support**

USGBC has customer support for LEED projects.

#### LEED Online

LEED Online is the repository for all LEED project documentation.

#### LEED Scorecard

The score card (also called the LEED checklist) lists all of the credits for the specific rating system and helps the project team track which ones are ideal for the project to attempt and those that are 'maybes' and need to be further investigated.

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# **Project Resources**

# Credit Interpretation Rulings (CIR)

One feature that is available through LEED Online is Credit Interpretation Requests and Rulings (referred to as "CIRs"). CIRs are used to clarify a *single question* the project team may have and can be submitted any time after project registration.

The CIR and ruling process is used for <u>technical and administrative guidance</u> on how LEED credits apply to their projects and vice versa and they are not applicable to other projects.

CIRs are administered by GBCI.

#### LEED Interpretations

Similar to CIRs, LEED interpretations can be issued to ask for clarification using LEED Online. However, LEED interpretations are *precedent-setting*. The clarification made in the LEED interpretation will be incorporated into the whole LEED rating system.

LEED interpretations are administered by USGBC.

#### Addenda

Each LEED rating system is updated with addendas, combining all the updates made.



# **Project Resources**

If a *question* on a credit does come up, follow these steps:

- 1. Consult the reference guide for a detailed description of the credit intent, requirements, and calculations.
- 2. Contact LEED customer service to see if the question can be answered.
- 3. Submit a formal CIR. There is a *fee* of to submit each CIR (220\$).

<u>Only</u> project teams with registered projects have access to submit CIRs.

When submitting a CIR, only one credit should be referenced in the request.

## CIRs are for clarification, not for changes

<u>Example</u>: A team wants to meet the requirement of individual temperature/comfort control with air diffusers. These are not mentioned in the requirement. So the team goes through Step1, checks the reference guide, Step 2, searches for a previous CIR that fits, Step 3 contacts customer service for an answer, and then finally submits the question of whether the air diffusers would be accepted. They are, and the team is able to achieve that point.

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# **LEED certification process**

# For LEED BD+C and LEED ID+C projects:

- 1. Registration
- 2. Application
- 3. Review
- 4. Certification or denial



# **Phases of the Certification Process**

Registration



Projects are registered <u>online</u> at leedonline.com.

The registration <u>fees</u> are:

- \$900 for members
- \$1,200 for non-members

Registration during the pre-design phase is highly recommended.

n									
Building Design and Construction Fees	ORGANIZATIONAL LEVEL OR NON-MEMBERS	SILVER, GOLD AND PLATINUM LEVEL MEMBERS	MEMBER SAVINGS						
REGISTRATION	\$1,200	\$900	\$300						
PRECERTIFICATION REVIEW (optional,	PRECERTIFICATION REVIEW (optional, LEED CS only)								
Flat fee (per building)	\$4,250	\$3,250	\$1,000						
Expedited review (reduce from 20-25 business days to 10-12, available based on GBCI review capacity)	\$								
COMBINED REVIEW: DESIGN & CONST	COMBINED REVIEW: DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION								
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): less than 50,000 sq ft	\$2,750	\$2,250	\$500						
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): 50,000-500,000 sq ft	\$0.055/sf	\$0.045/sf	\$0.01/sf						
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): more than 500,000 sq ft	\$27,500	\$22,500	\$5,000						
Expedited review (reduce from 20-25 business days to 10-12, available based on GBCI review capacity)	+\$								
SPLIT REVIEW: DESIGN									
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): less than 50,000 sq ft	\$2,250	\$2,000	\$250						
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): 50,000-500,000 sq ft	\$0.045/sf	\$0.04/sf	\$0.005/sf						
Project gross floor area (excluding parking): more than 500,000 sq ft	\$22,500	\$20,000	\$2,500						
Expedited review (reduce from 20-25 business days to 10-12, available based on GBCI review capacity)	\$	5,000							



## **Phases of the Certification Process**

## **Registration**

The *project administrator* has several responsibilities, including:

- Setup of the project team members
- Entering team member assignments for credits
- Submitting the application for review

<u>Team members</u> are responsible for the documentation of the credits they have been assigned in LEED Online.



#### **Phases of the Certification Process**

# **Application**

After project registration, the project team and project administrator can collect the information needed for the *credit submittals*.

<u>LEED Online</u> is a central repository for all project information. This tool allows team members to:

- Submit all documentation online, including documents and pictures.
- Update credit templates
- View and submit Credit Interpretation Requests (CIRs)
- Contact customer service
- View and respond to reviewer comments

Review fees change according to the gross floor area of the project and membership status. Once the review fees are received, GBCI will start the project review process.



#### **Phases of the Certification Process**

#### <u>Review</u>

Project teams have the option of a *combined* design & construction review or a *split* design & construction review.

The combined design & construction review is just that – all documentation for the LEED project is submitted and reviewed at one time.

A split review allows project teams to submit some of the project documentation during the design phase.

# document early, document often

During the project review process credits/prerequisites are updated with one of the following statuses:

- Anticipated the project team can reasonably assume the credit will be achieved
- Clarify more information is needed
- Awarded the credit/prerequisite requirements have been met and points are earned
- Denied the credit/prerequisite has not met the requirements



# **Phases of the Certification Process**

<u>Review</u>

Project teams have the option of a *combined* design & construction review or a *split* design & construction review.

No credits are earned and no points are awarded during the design phase. Points can only be earned AFTER the construction phase.

- Clarity more information is needed
- Awarded the credit/prerequisite requirements have been met and points are earned
- Denied the credit/prerequisite has not met the requirements



#### Phases of the Certification Process

<u>Review</u>

Under the <u>combined</u> review, the review phases are as follows.

- 1. Preliminary review
- 2. Preliminary review response (clarifications)
- 3. Final review
- 4. Accept or appeal

When a *split* design & construction review is done the review phases are:

- 1. Preliminary design phase review
- 2. Preliminary design phase response (clarifications)
- 3. Final design-phase review
- 4. Accept or Appeal
- 5. Preliminary construction-phase review
- **6.** Preliminary construction-phase response (clarifications)
- 7. Final construction-phase review
- 8. Accept or Appeal



#### **Phases of the Certification Process**

<u>Certification or denial</u>

GBCI issues the final certification report, which will show the level of LEED certification awarded. Then the project will be deemed "*closed-out*".

The total number of earned points will determine the level of LEED certification, assuming all the prerequisites and MPRs are met.

There are *four levels* of LEED certification:

- Certified: 40-49 points
- Silver: 50-59 points
- Gold: 60-79 points
- Platinum: 80+ points



This point system applies to all the rating systems in LEED.



#### **Phases of the Certification Process**

## **Registration**

Some projects may involve several buildings being constructed or planned at once.

The <u>Volume program</u> is for organizations planning to certify an entire portfolio (uniform design) of building projects (25 or more) using the BD+C and O+M rating systems (e.g. coffee shop chain).

The <u>Campus Program</u> is for organizations planning to certify multiple buildings on a single campus site and under the control of a single entity (e.g. university).

These programs are used to pay lower certification fees and streamline the certification process.



#### **USGBC Policies**

"LEED certification" with lowercase "c" is used to describe the certification process.

"LEED-certified" with lowercase "c" is used to describe a project that has been certified.

"LEED Certified" with capital "C" (and no hyphen) is used to describe a project that has been certified to the base level: Certified.

When a project is certified, the correct wording is "project 'A' is LEED Silver" or "project 'A' is LEED certified to the Silver level" or "project 'A' is LEED Silver certified." Due to repetition, the wording "project 'A' is LEED Certified certified" is not recommended. "Certified" to reference both certification and level is sufficient.

USGBC Name: The official organization name is the U.S. Green Building Council.





